

**Lesson One****The Influence of the Stars****I. 字彙測驗**

- Individual** 1. I \_\_\_\_l employees have contributed greatly to the company's success.
- welcomed** 2. The class w \_\_\_\_ed the new student with open arms.
- appreciate** 3. The tourists gathered on the beach to a \_\_\_\_e the beauty of the sunset.
- vote** 4. On the final day of the semester, we had a v \_\_\_\_e to choose our class leader for next year.
- outgoing** 5. Compared to her o \_\_\_\_g sister, Jane is quiet and shy.
- corrospended** 6. The results of the experiment closely c \_\_\_\_ded to what the scientists had expected.
- strict** 7. Mr. Smith is quite a s \_\_\_\_t teacher, but his students all respect and like him.
- comments** 8. Aaron's blunt c \_\_\_\_ts aroused an intense argument in the meeting.
- systematic** 9. The software helps to process data in a s \_\_\_\_c way.
- logical** 10. Is it a stereotype that men are generally more l \_\_\_\_l than women?
- emphasizes** 11. Mom e \_\_\_\_es the importance of eating healthily and getting regular exercise.
- freedom** 12. Before she went to college, Samantha did not have the f \_\_\_\_m to go on dates.
- sticking** 13. The children are creating their own works of art by s \_\_\_\_king pieces of colored paper to a board.
- fair** 14. When taking charge of a game, referees need to be f \_\_\_\_r.
- gained** 15. The United States of America g \_\_\_\_ned independence from Britain in 1776.
- social** 16. The candidate's main policy is to improve \_\_\_\_ (society) welfare.
- tendency** 17. Samuel has a \_\_\_\_ (tend) to stutter when he is nervous.
- insecurity** 18. Darcy has developed an arrogant personality to mask his \_\_\_\_ (insecure).
- introduction** 19. The \_\_\_\_ (introduce) of the new rule has confused many of the contestants.
- indecisive** 20. The former president of the country was criticized as weak and \_\_\_\_ (decision).

**II. 語法測驗**

- ( D ) 1. I don't know \_\_\_\_\_ we can get there on time or not.  
(A) because (B) though (C) which (D) whether
- ( B ) 2. \_\_\_\_\_ the bus home from school, Tony met a pretty girl.  
(A) To ride (B) Riding (C) Ridden (D) He was riding
- ( C ) 3. Anne enjoys cooking, \_\_\_\_\_ I would rather just eat.  
(A) for (B) however (C) while (D) therefore
- ( B ) 4. I thought Marie's husband was a doctor, but \_\_\_\_\_ I was mistaken.  
(A) she seems (B) it seems that (C) he seems that (D) it seems to
- ( A ) 5. Marco says that cars \_\_\_\_\_ in Japan are the most reliable.  
(A) made (B) making (C) to make (D) make
- ( D ) 6. OK, get your coat. It's time \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) be gone (B) that we going (C) for us go (D) for us to go
- ( A ) 7. The guards were stunned when they discovered that the prisoner \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) had escaped (B) has escaped (C) escapes (D) was escaped
- ( B ) 8. He's been away for a long time, so it's great \_\_\_\_\_ him again.  
(A) see (B) to see (C) have seen (D) will see
- ( D ) 9. My cousin Alice \_\_\_\_\_ lives in Tokyo, showed us around the city.  
(A) who (B) who, (C) , who, (D) , who
- ( C ) 10. After \_\_\_\_\_ me to her sister, Margaret left us to chat together.  
(A) she introduces (B) to introduce (C) introducing (D) introduced

### III. 片語與句型造句

#### 1. make friends with 與……為友

**例** Wendy's personality makes her easy to make friends with.

溫蒂的個性讓人很容易就跟她交上朋友。

- (1) 當珍 (Jane) 在美國的時候，她與來自世界各地的學生為友。

**When Jane was in America, she made friends with students from all over the world.**

- (2) 身為外向的男孩，他很快就與其他孩子成為朋友。

**As an outgoing boy, he quickly makes friends with other children.**

#### 2. on the other hand 另一方面

**例** I enjoy the city's facilities, but on the other hand, I'd like to live in a quiet town.

我喜歡城市的設施，但另一方面，我又想要住在安靜的鎮上。

- (1) 我很失望演唱會的票賣完了 (sell out)，但另一方面，至少我可以把錢省下來。

**I was disappointed that the concert was sold out; on the other hand, at least I can save my money.**

- (2) 芭芭拉 (Barbara) 絕對是吃太多了。但另一方面，她做 (get) 很多運動。

**Barbara definitely eats too much. On the other hand, she gets a lot of exercise.**

#### 3. vote on 投票表決某事 vote for 投票贊成……

**例** The lawmakers will vote on the proposal of tax cut.

立委將表決減稅的提案。

I vote for eating out tonight.

我投票贊成今晚去外面吃飯。

- (1) 委員會正準備要投票表決副主席 (vice-chairman) 的提案。

**The committee is getting ready to vote on the vice-chairman's proposal.**

- (2) 學生會 (Student Council) 的選舉你投給了誰？

**Who did you vote for in the Student Council election?**

#### 4. 疑問詞 (how/why/when/where/who...) 引導的子句當受詞

**例** I don't know how Samuel's girlfriend can put up with his bad temper.

我不知道山謬的女朋友怎麼能忍受他的壞脾氣。

- (1) 你知道為什麼派翠西雅 (Patricia) 不回我的電話嗎？

**Do you know why Patricia won't return my calls?**

- (2) 老師示範給我們看如何培養 (develop) 我們的語言技巧。

**The teacher showed us how to develop our language skills.**

**5. S + 完成式 ... since V-ing 自從……，就一直……****Since V-ing, S + 完成式 ...**

**例** I have had a hard time making both ends meet since quitting my job.

自從辭掉工作之後，我就一直很難讓收支平衡。

- (1) 她自從獲得加薪 (pay raise) 之後，就一直花很多錢在服裝上面。

**She's been spending a lot of money on clothes since getting a pay raise.**

- (2) 莫理斯 (Maurice) 自從搬到台南之後，只打了幾次 (a couple of) 電話給我。

**Since moving to Tainan, Maurice has only called me a couple of times.**

**6. think highly of sb. 看重某人，對某人評價高**

**例** Mr. Simpson is a good coach, and all the players on the team think highly of him.

辛普森先生是個好教練，隊上所有的球員對他評價都很高。

- (1) 我知道你的經理對於你認真工作的意願 (willingness to V) 評價很高。

**I know that your manager thinks highly of your willingness to work hard.**

- (2) 瑪麗 (Marie) 的父母對她的男友評價很高，並希望她能嫁給他。

**Marie's parents think highly of her boyfriend and hope she will marry him.**

**7. in need 有所需要的****in need of ... 需要……**

**例** The agency has helped thousands of families in need since it was founded.

這個機構自成立以來，已經幫助了成千上萬個需要救助的家庭。

The poor stray dog is in need of food and shelter.

這隻可憐的流浪狗需要食物及棲身之所。

- (1) 自從成為電影明星以來，他已經為需要幫助的人募得大筆款項 (raise ... money)。

**Since becoming a movie star, he has raised a lot of money for people in need.**

- (2) 我迫切 (badly) 需要一台新電腦。我舊的那台真的很慢。

**I am badly in need of a new computer. My old one is really slow.**

**8. stick to 堅持**

**例** If they fail to stick to the contract, they have to pay a large deal of compensation.

假如他們沒有堅守合約，就必須支付一大筆賠償金。

- (1) 聽 (take) 我的建議，堅持你原本上大學的計畫。

**Take my advice and stick to your original plan of going to college.**

- (2) 藉由堅持下去而且不要放棄，你才能完成一項困難的任務。

**You can only complete a difficult task by sticking to it and not giving up.**

**9. as well 也，還**

**例** Mike was promoted and he got a new car as well.

麥可升官了，而且還買了部新車。

(1) 她同時做兩份工作，還撫養三個小孩。

**She worked two jobs at the same time, and raised three children as well.**

(2) 我們的旅館非常豪華 (luxurious)，食物也很棒。

**Our hotel was very luxurious, and the food was excellent as well.**

**10. get along (with sb.) (與某人) 處得好**

**例** I get along with my sister's husband.

我和我的姊夫相處融洽。

Ted finds it hard to get along with his next-door neighbors.

泰德覺得很難和隔壁鄰居相處。

(1) 你和你姊姊通常 (most of the time) 處得來嗎？

**Do you and your sister get along most of the time?**

(2) 她熱愛 (enjoy) 她的工作，並且和同事相處融洽。

**She enjoys her job and gets along well with her colleagues.**

**IV. 克漏字測驗**

My classmate Rita thinks astrology is important. That's why, if someone wants to 1 her, she first asks them about their 2. When people answer the question, she likes to impress them 3 a description of their personality traits. Some of our classmates think Rita does this to make herself the 4 of attention. Most of us think 5 of her, however, because she is a friendly girl who is willing to help others. That's why it is easy for Rita 6 along with other people. She has other positive personality traits 7. For example, she has 8 lots of people 8 her ability to remember names and faces for a long time. And she never worries about things. In fact, she enjoys 9 problems to deal with. She sees them as challenges rather than difficulties. And she always 10 the task until she has solved the problem.

- ( **D** ) 1. (A) make friendly (B) be friend of  
(C) be a friend (D) make friends with
- ( **B** ) 2. (A) open arms (B) star sign (C) class leader (D) older sisters
- ( **A** ) 3. (A) with (B) for (C) from (D) about
- ( **D** ) 4. (A) freedom (B) routine (C) middle (D) center
- ( **B** ) 5. (A) high (B) highly (C) height (D) higher
- ( **C** ) 6. (A) get (B) gets (C) to get (D) getting
- ( **A** ) 7. (A) as well (B) so then (C) above all (D) as usual
- ( **C** ) 8. (A) told ... from (B) acted ... like  
(C) impressed ... with (D) regarded ... as
- ( **B** ) 9. (A) have (B) having (C) to have (D) she has
- ( **D** ) 10. (A) sets up (B) likes to (C) puts down (D) sticks to

**V. 翻譯**

1. 一般相信貓喜歡自由，而狗則常覺得沒有安全感。  
It is believed that cats enjoy their freedom while dogs often feel insecure.
2. 藉由上那門課，我獲得了許多知識，也學會用有系統且合乎邏輯的方式處理事情。  
By taking the course, I've gained a lot of knowledge and learned to deal with things in a systematic and logical way.
3. 這個鎮以溫泉聞名，居民非常歡迎訪客到來。  
The town is famous for its hot springs, and its residents open their arms wide to welcome visitors.
4. 在會議中，麗莎高明又有用的評論讓大家印象深刻。  
During the meeting, Lisa impressed everyone with her wise and helpful comments.
5. 比爾的個性外向，而且總是很願意幫助需要幫助的人。  
Bill is outgoing, and he's always willing to help people in need.
6. 李老師強調，學生應該遵守規定，並且堅守按部就班的讀書計畫。  
Ms. Lee emphasized that students should obey the regulations and stick to an organized program of study as well.
7. 對老師來說，了解學生和他們的個別差異是重要的。(It's ...)  
**It's important for a teacher to understand his or her students and their individual differences.**
8. 李太太和女王一樣有自信，喜歡成為注意的焦點 (center)。  
**Mrs. Lee is as confident as a queen and likes to be the center of attention.**
9. 羅傑 (Roger) 似乎很情緒化，和任何人都處不來。(It ...)  
**It seems that Roger is emotional and doesn't get along with anyone.**
10. 該是我們投票表決這個議題 (issue) 的時候了。  
**It is time for us to vote on the issue.**
11. 這一天出生的人傾向於猶豫不決，總是需要有人陪伴。  
**People born on this day tend to be indecisive and always need a companion.**
12. 自從進了大學，喬治 (George) 就享有更多的自由。(Since + 分詞)  
**Since entering college, George has enjoyed more freedom.**

## VI. 英文瞭望台

### 課文問答

1. What kind of person was Josephine and how did she act? (paragraph 1)

**Josephine was confident and acted like a leader.**

2. What did Jane ask her sister to find out? (paragraph 2)

**Jane asked her sister to find out when her classmates were born.**

3. Why does Christine believe Josephine will be easy to make friends with?  
(paragraph 3)

**Because Josephine is outgoing like Christine.**

4. What do Aquarius people tend to do? (paragraph 4)

**Stick to the rules.**

5. What star sign was Steven born under? (paragraph 5)

**Cancer.**

6. What did Christine feel more confident about after reading her sister's books?  
(paragraph 6)

**She felt more confident about getting along with her new classmates.**

### 單字比較

<b>chore</b> <i>n.</i> 指需要固定去做的「雜事，瑣事」，也可指「令人討厭或厭煩卻又不得不做的事」。	<b>VS.</b>	<b>housework</b> <i>n.</i> 指維持居家整潔必須的清潔工作，即「家事」。
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### 練習

- For me, doing my homework is always a tedious **chore**.
- I can't come out until I've finished the **chores/housework**.
- Tony was grounded and made to spend the whole weekend doing **chores/housework**.

<b>notice</b> <i>v.</i> 「留意，發覺」，經由看到、聽到或感覺到而產生的知覺。	<b>VS.</b>	<b>discover</b> <i>v.</i> 「發現」，得知以前所不知道的事實。
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### 練習

- When I got home, I **noticed/discovered** that I had left the lights on.
- Did you **notice** that strange man who kept looking at you?
- It is every medical researcher's dream to **discover** a cure for cancer.



**VII. 閱讀測驗**

Do you read your horoscope? What would you think if someone told you you might be checking the wrong star sign? One morning, 25-year-old New Yorker Sofia Whitcombe woke up thinking she was a Capricorn, as she had believed all her life. Then she read a newspaper article and found out she might be a Sagittarius instead.

The article Sofia read was about a statement by an American astronomer Parke Kunkle. He pointed out that the stars, as seen from Earth, were in a different position than they were 3,000 years ago. That was when the people of ancient Babylon first established the star signs used in Western horoscopes. The reason for the change is the differences in the way Earth rotates, which is affected by the Moon's gravity.

Kunkle says that, over time, the positions of the stars in the sky have changed a little. In terms of horoscopes, they could be up to one month different from what they were originally. In other words, you could be reading the wrong star sign when you check your horoscope. Maybe you thought you were a shy Pisces when in reality you are a confident Aquarius. If you were born between November 30 and December 17, you might even be under a new sign—Ophiucus the snake carrier.

- ( B ) 1. What is the main idea of this passage?
- (A) Reading horoscopes is a waste of time.
  - (B) Western star signs may not be correct.
  - (C) Few people believe in horoscopes now.
  - (D) Americans still read their horoscopes.
- ( A ) 2. What had Sofia Whitcombe always believed?
- (A) That her star sign was Capricorn.
  - (B) That her star sign was Sagittarius.
  - (C) That her horoscope was wrong.
  - (D) That her horoscope had changed.
- ( D ) 3. According to the passage, Western star signs were identified by \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Capricorn people                      (B) newspaper reporters  
(C) American astronomers              (D) ancient people
- ( B ) 4. Which of the following is the opinion of Parke Kunkle?
- (A) Most star signs should last two months.
  - (B) The dates of star signs have changed.
  - (C) The Moon should be a new star sign.
  - (D) Star signs in ancient Babylon were wrong.
- ( C ) 5. The passage says that, if you were born on December 10, you \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) should not change your star sign      (B) will probably believe in star signs  
(C) might belong to a new star sign      (D) should be a confident Aquarius

**VIII. 看圖寫作**

圖 1	圖 2	圖 3
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**Part I** Answer the following questions according to the above pictures.

**Picture 1**

1. What is the young man doing?

**He is reading a newspaper.**

2. What is the young woman doing?

**She is reading a book.**

**Picture 2**

3. What does the man ask the woman?

**He asks her what her star sign is.**

4. What does the woman reply?

**She tells him she is a Cancer.**

**Picture 3**

5. What does the man tell the woman?

**He tells the woman her horoscope. He tells her that she will get rich and fall in love.**

6. How does the woman feel?

**She is very pleased/happy.**

**Part II** Write a 100-word composition based on your answers to the questions.

**範例** Terry was sitting in the park, reading a newspaper. A pretty girl sat near him and began reading a novel. After a while, Terry decided to speak to her. He asked her what her star sign was. The girl told him she was a Cancer, so Terry read out her horoscope from the newspaper. It was a good one that day, saying she would fall in love and make a lot of money soon. The girl was happy to hear what Terry told her.