

**Lesson Five****Yummy's Blog****I. 字彙測驗**

- cuisine** 1. Japanese c e is becoming increasingly popular with Western food lovers.
- wrapped** 2. My sister made some chocolate and w ped it as a Christmas gift.
- alive** 3. Even today, many old customs are still very much a e.
- bargain** 4. Hotel rooms are usually available at b n prices in low season.
- bite** 5. I took my time and enjoyed every b e of the delicious cake.
- midnight** 6. I probably won't get home until after m t tonight.
- crispy** 7. For breakfast I'd like toast as well as c y fried bacon and an egg fried sunny side up.
- rows** 8. Tickets to sit in the front r ws are more expensive.
- Peanuts** 9. P ts grow under the ground and are rich in oil.
- tender** 10. The bride gave the groom a big, t r smile when she said "Yes, I do."
- surely** 11. Good sleep will s ly have a positive effect on your health.
- vendors** 12. Many college students work part-time as street v rs, selling clothes and accessories.
- stroll** 13. The restaurant is not far. We could s l there if you like.
- pulse** 14. After running for fifteen minutes, I could feel p e beating strongly.
- within** 15. Our new apartment lies w n easy reach of a supermarket and an MRT station.
- salty** 16. People suffering from high blood pressure should avoid food which is too        (salt).
- juicy** 17. My mouth watered at the thought of the        (juice) steak.
- specialty** 18. The        (special) of this bakery is cheesecake.
- choice** 19. There was a thunderstorm, and we had no        (choose) but to cancel the barbecue.
- creative** 20. Willy is tired of his office job; he wishes he could do something more        (create).

**II. 語法測驗**

- ( C ) 1. The constant noise from the construction site \_\_\_\_\_ my head ache.  
(A) let (B) got (C) made (D) had
- ( C ) 2. The store sells bread, cakes, and cookies \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) all kinds of (B) all kind of (C) of all kinds (D) all kinds
- ( B ) 3. If you like exercising so much, \_\_\_\_\_ join a health club?  
(A) why don't (B) why not (C) don't you (D) why you
- ( A ) 4. At the beach we enjoyed ourselves \_\_\_\_\_ frisbee and swimming in the ocean.  
(A) playing (B) to play (C) play (D) were playing
- ( D ) 5. I wanted to find a bank, but I didn't know how to say it \_\_\_\_\_ Spanish.  
(A) on (B) by (C) to (D) in
- ( A ) 6. With dark clouds \_\_\_\_\_ above, we hurried to get home before the rain started.  
(A) gathering (B) to gather (C) were gathering (D) gather
- ( D ) 7. Why don't you ask April? I'm sure she \_\_\_\_\_ go to the movie with us.  
(A) would to (B) will love (C) would love (D) would love to
- ( C ) 8. There are six people in my family, \_\_\_\_\_ me.  
(A) increasing (B) depending (C) including (D) according
- ( B ) 9. Mr. Wu suggested that I \_\_\_\_\_ my car in the lane behind his office building.  
(A) parked (B) park (C) parking (D) to park
- ( B ) 10. He threw a piece of meat to his dog, and it swallowed it \_\_\_\_\_ seconds.  
(A) between (B) within (C) despite (D) about

### III. 片語與句型造句

#### 1. come alive 變得活絡

**例** It is at night that the forest truly comes alive with the sounds of many animals.  
森林真正因充滿各種動物的聲響而熱鬧滾滾的時間是在夜裡。

- (1) 一直耐心等待的觀眾在樂團登台 (take the stage) 的時候變得喧鬧起來。

**The audience, who had been waiting patiently, came alive when the band took the stage.**

- (2) 這條滿是酒吧和餐館的街道要到晚上八點以後才會熱鬧起來。(not ... until)

**The street, which is full of bars and restaurants, doesn't come alive until after eight p.m.**

#### 2. pay a visit to 去(某地方); 拜訪(某人)

**例** It's been a long time since I paid a visit to that museum.  
自從我上次去那間博物館已經有好長一段時間了。

- (1) 去印度遊覽是我的人生目標之一。

**To pay a visit to India is one of my goals in life.**

- (2) 我計畫這個週末去拜訪我大學的老同學東尼 (Tony)。

**I plan to pay a visit to my old college classmate Tony this weekend.**

#### 3. as well as 以及; 不但……而且……

**例** Eating fish is good for the brain as well as the body.  
吃魚對大腦及身體都很好。

As well as his left knee, he injured his right hand in the accident.

他在事故中不但傷了左膝也傷了右手。

- (1) 我打棒球、籃球和踢足球。

**I play baseball and basketball as well as soccer.**

- (2) 除了包心菜 (cabbage), 我最喜歡的蔬菜還有茄子 (eggplant) 和玉米。

**As well as cabbage, my favorite vegetables are eggplant and corn.**

#### 4. be said to 據說

**例** The company is said to have been used as a cover for illegal activities by gangsters.  
據說這間公司一直被幫派份子用來掩護非法活動。

- (1) 據說這條項鍊很久以前屬於一位美麗的公主。

**The necklace was said to belong to a beautiful princess long ago.**

- (2) 據說全球暖化是對文明 (civilization) 最大的威脅。

**Global warming is said to be the greatest threat to civilization.**

### 5. a row of 一排的

**例** At the end of Harry's garden stands a row of sunflowers.

哈利花園的盡頭矗立了一排向日葵。

- (1) 整個村莊僅由兩排小屋 (cottage) 組成 (consist)。

**The entire village consists of just two rows of little cottages.**

- (2) 有一排竹子種在這家中國餐館的外面。

**There is a row of bamboo planted outside the Chinese restaurant.**

### 6. have a bite 咬一口

**例** This is a terrific steak. You can have a bite, if you like.

這牛排真是棒。如果你想吃的話可以吃一口。

- (1) 萊恩 (Ryan) 咬了一口他的午餐，然後回到 (turn back) 他的工作上。

**Ryan had a bite of his lunch and then turned back to his work.**

- (2) 她說如果我讓她吃一口我的奶油蛋糕 (cream cake)，她就親我一下。

**She said she'd give me a kiss if I let her have a bite of my cream cake.**

### 7. find + O + adj. 覺得……，發覺……

**例** I find it surprising that Paul hasn't asked Mandy to marry him yet.

我覺得很驚訝怎麼保羅還沒向曼蒂求婚。

- (1) 一個朋友跟我說丹尼 (Danny) 很風趣，但我只覺得他奇怪。

**A friend told me Danny was funny, but I just found him strange.**

- (2) 我想你會發現婚姻跟單身相當不同。

**I think you will find marriage quite different from being single.**

### 8. If S V-ed/were ..., S would/could V ... 與現在事實相反的假設語氣 S would/could V ... if S V-ed/were ....

**例** If Anita went out more, she would have a better chance of meeting someone.

如果安妮塔多出門，她就會比較有機會認識別人。

- (1) 如果我是你，我不會為這麼低的薪水而接受這份工作。

**If I were you, I wouldn't accept the job for such a low salary.**

- (2) 如果爸爸的車沒有壞掉 (be broken down)，我們今天就可以去海邊了。

**We could go to the beach today if Dad's car weren't broken down.**

### 9. as adj./adv. as ... 像……一樣……

**例** In general, older people are not as comfortable with new technology as younger people.

一般而言，上了年紀的人不像年輕人那麼容易接受新科技。

If he plays as badly as this in the second half, he won't make the team next week.

如果他下半場打得像現在一樣差勁，他下個禮拜就會進不了球隊了。

- (1) 我以前從來沒有聽過像那麼過分 (outrageous) 的要求。

**I have never heard a request as outrageous as that one before.**

- (2) 莉蓮 (Lillian) 的籃球打得跟她的網球一樣好。

**Lillian plays basketball as well as she plays tennis.**

**10. ... N, who/which/whom ... vs. ... N who/that/which/whom ...**

**例** The reporters, who had been outside the politician's house for three days, finally left this morning.

那些已經在那名政治人物的住處外守候三日的記者今天早上終於離開了。

Did Maureen obtain the raise which she was hoping for?

莫琳有沒有得到她夢寐以求的加薪呢？

- (1) 昨晚我夢到五年前過世的爺爺。

**Last night, I dreamed of my grandfather, who died five years ago.**

- (2) 我喜歡很有幽默感而且會逗我笑的人。

**I like people who have a good sense of humor and can make me laugh.**

**IV. 克漏字測驗**

I love to travel. For one thing, it gives me a good chance to try different foods. Every place has its   1   specialties. No matter where I go, I will never be satisfied   2   having a local dish of some kind. Even if I only   3   a place, I will do my best to taste something new. I have been to many countries and seen some of   4   sights in them. But trying the local food shows you a different   5   of the country. For example, while in Paris, I   6   a visit to the Louvre Museum. Later I was taking a walk through some small back streets. I came across a   7   small café and restaurants. There were no tourists, and it was quiet. Soon, however, the street   8   with people on their way home from work.   9   seconds, every café was full. I went in one and had coffee and a snack. The friendly owner even let me have a bite   10   a delicious cake he made.

- ( **B** ) 1. (A) only            (B) own            (C) owing            (D) alone  
 ( **D** ) 2. (A) for            (B) with            (C) from            (D) without  
 ( **D** ) 3. (A) make a short visit            (B) a short time visit  
           (C) visit a short time            (D) spend a short time in  
 ( **A** ) 4. (A) the most famous            (B) more famous  
           (C) famous            (D) there are famous  
 ( **C** ) 5. (A) type            (B) blog            (C) face            (D) place  
 ( **C** ) 6. (A) took            (B) got            (C) paid            (D) went  
 ( **B** ) 7. (A) kind of            (B) row of            (C) few of            (D) many of  
 ( **C** ) 8. (A) filled in            (B) picked out            (C) came alive            (D) looked forward  
 ( **A** ) 9. (A) Within            (B) Between            (C) Among            (D) About  
 ( **B** ) 10. (A) to            (B) of            (C) at            (D) with

**V. 翻譯**

1. 百貨公司和購物中心在週末的時候會變得很熱鬧。  
Department stores and shopping malls come alive at weekends.
2. 在喝水之前要確定它是煮沸過的。  
Make sure the water is boiled before you drink it.
3. 我哥哥過兩個禮拜要去日本。你可以當他的嚮導嗎？  
My brother is paying a visit to Japan in two weeks. Can you be his guide?
4. 如你所見，夜市在台灣文化中扮演著重要的角色。  
As you can see, night markets play an important role in Taiwanese culture.
5. 一排的香腸正在那個路邊攤上烤著。  
A row of sausages are being barbecued at the street stall.
6. 大蒜據說是最有效的抗癌食品之一。  
Garlic is said to be one of the most effective foods for fighting cancer.
7. 如果我是你，我會留一天去參觀博物館。  
If I were you, I would save a day for a visit to the museum.
8. 當我們造訪歐洲時，我們覺得德國涼爽又多雨（wet）。  
When we visited Europe, we found Germany cool and wet.
9. 許多外國觀光客不願意（willing）嘗一口臭豆腐，那是台灣最有名的小吃之一。  
Many foreign tourists are not willing to have a bite of stinky tofu, which is one of the best-known snacks in Taiwan.
10. 這個超大尺寸的雞排跟一個人的臉一樣大。  
The super-sized chicken steak is as large as a person's face.
11. 夜市提供了好機會讓你可以買到便宜的東西以及享受特殊的氣氛。  
Night markets offer you a good chance to shop for bargains as well as to enjoy the special atmosphere.
12. 凱麗偏好灰色或白色的衣服，不過她討厭粉紅色。（Kelly prefers clothes ...）  
Kelly prefers clothes that/which are gray or white, but she hates pink.

**VI. 英文瞭望台****課文問答**

1. What can “complete the trip” for a visitor to Taiwan? (paragraph 1)  
**A visit to a night market.**
2. Where can Taiwan’s best known snacks be found? (paragraph 2)  
**They can be found at the Shihlin Night Market.**
3. Why did the Da Bing Bao Xiao Bing get its name? (paragraph 3)  
**Because it is a small bun wrapped inside a large one.**
4. How might you feel when you see a row of Hao Da chicken steaks for the first time? (paragraph 4)  
**You might be shocked by their size.**
5. Why does stir-fried squid have a special taste? (paragraph 5)  
**Because everything is boiled in a thick soup.**
6. What would Yummy do at the night market if she could? (paragraph 7)  
**She would try everything.**

**單字比較**

<b>cuisine</b> <i>n.</i> [U] 特指某類或某種風格的料理，例如：French cuisine 法國料理、Italian cuisine 義大利料理、vegetarian cuisine (通指所有) 素食	<b>VS.</b>	<b>dish</b> <i>n.</i> [C] 泛指一般菜餚，例如：a chicken dish 一道雞肉、a pasta dish 一道義大利麵、a main dish 主菜、a vegetarian dish 一道素菜
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**練習**

1. I often eat Italian and Chinese food, but I have never tasted Spanish **cuisine**.
2. My favorite Japanese **dish** is ramen noodles.

<b>choice</b> <i>n.</i> [C] 選擇，選擇權。通常可與 option 作代換。	<b>VS</b>	<b>option</b> <i>n.</i> [C] 選擇，選擇權。比 choice 稍正式。	<b>VS</b>	<b>alternative</b> <i>n.</i> [C] 多半用在強調兩個可互相替代的選擇。
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**練習**

3. After you dial the number, you will hear a recorded voice giving you three **options/choices**.
4. She decided to go to Berkeley instead of Yale, which in my opinion was the wrong **option/choice**.
5. You can have your tea with sugar or without sugar. There are two **alternatives**.



**VII. 閱讀測驗**

**Bruce:** For me, it has to be pizza. And the best kind is Hawaiian style. I love the taste of pineapple, and think it goes really well with ham. So put a 12-inch Hawaiian-style pizza on the table in front of me, and I'll eat the whole lot in ten minutes. Hopefully with a large glass of lemonade.

**Linda:** I like nothing more than a big bowl of beef noodles. Just the thought of one makes my mouth water. Of course, not all beef noodles taste the same. But I know where to get an excellent bowl. There's a stand at a night market near where I live. But I'm not telling you where. I don't want too many people going there.

**Sheila:** Well, I'm a vegetarian. I haven't had meat since I was ten years old. The dish I most like is a stir-fried vegetable dish my mom makes from time to time. It includes my favorite bamboo shoots. And she actually adds a little juicy fruit to it. It's delicious.

**Joseph:** I'm a big fan of Japanese food, especially sushi. Some people can't stand the taste of raw fish, but I love it, especially if it's wrapped in rice and seaweed with some wasabi. I love strong and spicy flavors, and wasabi is the best, in my opinion.

- ( C ) 1. What question are these four people answering?  
(A) What kind of pizza do you like?  
(B) What strange foods have you tried?  
(C) What is your favorite dish?  
(D) What do you want for lunch?
- ( B ) 2. What kind of food does Bruce like?  
(A) He likes pizza with spicy beef.  
(B) He likes pizza with ham and pineapple.  
(C) He likes foods flavored with lemon.  
(D) He likes a bowl of beef noodles.
- ( C ) 3. Which of the four people does not eat meat?  
(A) Bruce.            (B) Linda.            (C) Sheila.            (D) Joseph.
- ( C ) 4. How does Sheila's mother improve the flavor of her favorite dish?  
(A) She makes it very spicy.            (B) She serves it with lemonade.  
(C) She puts a little fruit in it.            (D) She serves it with wasabi.
- ( D ) 5. Who is a fan of dishes with spicy flavors?  
(A) Bruce.            (B) Linda.            (C) Sheila.            (D) Joseph.

**VIII. 看圖寫作**

Picture 1

1. Where are David and Clara?

**They are in a coffee shop.**

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2. What is David inviting Clara to do?

**He is inviting her to go to a night market with him.**

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Picture 2

3. Where are David and Clara now?

**They are at a night market.**

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4. Why are they unhappy?

**It is too crowded.**

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Picture 3

5. What are David and Clara doing now?

**They are eating noodles.**

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6. How do they feel?

**They are much happier.**

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**Part II** *Write a 100-word composition based on your answers to the questions.*

**範例** David and Clara were on vacation in Taipei. They were having coffee one afternoon and wondering what to do that evening. David suggested they go to a night market, and Clara thought that was a good idea. Unfortunately, it was the weekend, and they found the night market very crowded when they got there. They soon got tired of people bumping into them and stepping on their toes. In the end, they found some seats by a noodle stand, where they enjoyed tasty bowls of hot noodles.

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